Reg. No.:			

Question Paper Code: 80531

B.E./B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATIONS, APRIL/MAY 2024.

Fifth Semester

Electronics and Communication Engineering

EC 8552 — COMPUTER ARCHITECTURE AND ORGANIZATION

(Common to: Electronics and Telecommunication Engineering)

(Regulations 2017)

Time: Three hours

Maximum: 100 marks

Answer ALL questions.

PART A — $(10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ marks})$

- 1. What is the basic principle behind to move from uniprocessor to multi-processor?
- 2. What is the difference between operation and operands?
- 3. How to create n bit ripple carry adder using normal full adder and half adders?
- 4. For floating point division, what are the algorithms used?
- 5. What do you mean by structural hazard?
- 6. What do you mean by exception?
- 7. Neatly draw and show the memory hierarchy between main memory and cache memory.
- 8. In a 32 bit system, what will be the size of virtual memory?
- 9. Define multithreading. What is multithreaded processor?
- 10. Show different stages of graphics pipeline in a modern CPU.

PART B — $(5 \times 13 = 65 \text{ marks})$

11. (a) Briefly describe about various shift operations available in simple computer Risc category processors.

Or

- (b) Discuss about various load and store instructions available in MIPS programming.
- 12. (a) Explain about Booth's multiplier algorithm and multiply 2×3 using Booth's algorithm.

Or

- (b) Briefly depict the non-restoring division process and divide two 4-bit numbers: 7(0111)/3 (0011) using non-restoring division processes.
- 13. (a) How many types of hazards occur in a system? Describe all with suitable examples.

Or

- (b) Briefly describe pipelined datapath and its important components.
- 14. (a) Describe the basic cache operations. Briefly describe fully associative cache with neat diagram.

Or

- (b) Describe in detail, how to implement virtual memory with paging with neat block diagram.
- 15. (a) Describe in detail regarding different types of multithreading with neat diagrams.

Or

(b) Briefly describe about Flynn's proposed various multiprocessor techniques.

PART C — $(1 \times 15 = 15 \text{ marks})$

- 16. (a) Assume that you are given a machine with an unknown configuration. You need to find out a host of cache parameters by measuring the time it takes to execute different programs. These programs will be tailor made in such a way that they will reveal something about the underlying system. Describe the approach by assuming that the caches follow the LRU scheme for replacement.
 - (i) How will you estimate the size of the L1 cache? (5)
 - (ii) How will you estimate the L1 block size? (5)
 - (iii) How will you estimate the L1 cache associativity? (5)

Or

(b) Write a MIPS assembly program to find the greatest common divisor of two binary numbers u and v. Assume the two inputs (positive integers) to be available in r3 and r4. Store the result in r5.